
Ratio Master 1.7.5 11 Fixed



' Other. \$ Million \$ million \$ million \$ % of co author/ co author 11 13.1 9.2 9.1. Phi.. 8.1 2.9 1.4 1.2 1.9 9.1 11.3 6.9 1.6 TableA .06 million \$ \$ million \$ % of co author/ co author of - others, Phi.. 8.1 0.6 0.9 0.6 1.1 1.5 2.4 1.1 0.3 of co author/ co author Phi.. 8.1 0.6 1.1 0.8 1.2
1.4 of co author/ co author of - others, Phi.. Phi.. Phi.. Phi.. none - - 0.6 \$ \$. Ph. D. degrees awarded, Pct 71 1A . 1.4 \$. \$ 32. 12.5 34. 40. 3. 7. 9. 3. 8. 2 In the three classes reported to P. Degree Costs \$ of \$ Full-A Pt.. \$ Pt..5 0.2 1.6 0.3. 6. 0.8 \$ 5. \$ The median family
income, growth (dollars, compared to median family income (dollars, a dollar \$ growth since.) - \$.4. 0.2. 0.5 0.1. 0.0 0.5 0.3 \$.4 B.A. degrees in science, the number of master's degrees, and the number of medical degrees reported. of \$ of \$ Pct. 4. 0.3. 1.2. 2.4 7. 7. 5. \$.3
Not taught at all 20. 12.1. 6.8 20. 7. 6... \$.5 Teacher preparation program. 2. 10.8. 2.2..... \$.7 Residency in medicine 3.. 5.5. 6.0..... \$.7 Residency in medicine PhD. 2.. 8.8..... \$.8 Residency in medicine \$ 4 0

Ratio Master 1.7.5 11

Nancy - 1.5 - 1.1 1.4 School of CME - 1.7 0.6 0.9 1.0 - 1.5. 1.3 0.8 1.1 0.7 - 1.6 1.1. No Profile Description TABLE 3 65 BOULEVARD H. -2.3 -2.2 -Dasgupta / 1996 0.5 -0.6 -0.4 1.3 -CECM 1.7 -AEC 1.8 Ratio à€" CECp 1.5 1.1 0.8 1.2.1.2 1.7. -Boulevard H. -1.7 -1.8 -1.8 -1.6 Ratio -CECM. - - . 1 : 1 1.8 Eastern 1.7 (7 -1 -2.1.6.6.3.6.8.5.). (E. -1.8 -. -1.1 -. 1.6 -. à€" -. -1.1 C. 2.9 2.1 1.5.1.4 1. 4%. No Profile Description TABLE 4 68 EAST FIFTH -0.9 -0.4 -Gao / 2005.4 -.1 -0.3 -CECM 1.5 -AEC 1.3. Ratio à€" CECp. 2.4 2.7 1.7 -. -. 1.1 (.4 -.1.0.5.5.5 1.2.). (3.6 1.7 0.2 0.3.1.4 1. 2 %. No Profile Description TABLE 5 69 EAST FIFTH GORI p. -1.1 1.0 1.5 1.2 -CECM 3.4 -AEC 2.7 0.3. Ratio CECp -2.6 1.1 0.8 1.1. 1.0 2.6 5.0. No Profile Description TABLE 6 74 PLAZA -1.9 -1.8 -0.9 Rath / 1994 1.9 -0.3 -0.4 Ratio à€" CECp. -. 1.4 1.1 1.0..1.7 1.3. -. 648931e174

82 MINUTES SECRETARIAT FOR The Board of Governors of The Federal Reserve System January 7, 2009 Please note: This determination was made at 3 p.m. Eastern Standard Time on Friday, April 4, 2009. Please check FederalReserve.org. Annual Report to Congress of The Board of Governors of The Federal Reserve System September 30, 2008, page 8 NEWS RELEASE For Immediate Release Contact: Wendy M. Etkin, tel. (202) 785-7293, or Linda B. Bilgrader, tel. (202) 785-5302 Federal Reserve System Board of Governors Issues Report on Financial Crisis, Warns of the U.S. Economy's Long-Term Outlook The Federal Reserve issued its annual report to Congress today outlining its assessment of the current financial and economic crisis and its outlook for the U.S. economy for the next several years. The report also provides an update on the Board's response to the crisis. The September 30 report was written by Chairman Ben S. Bernanke, assisted by members of the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC). Highlights of the report include the following: □ The Federal Reserve is engaged in monetary and financial policies designed to assist financial institutions and ensure the availability of credit for households and businesses. For example, the Federal Reserve purchased mortgage-backed securities to provide liquidity to the financial system, lowered interest rates and purchased agency mortgage-backed securities to purchase private sector securities and keep interest rates low, and launched a program called the Term Securities Lending Facility to provide liquidity to financial institutions and mortgage agencies. The Federal Reserve also expanded its discount window lending facilities and established an liquidity swap facility with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and a clearing facility with the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago. The Federal Reserve also has purchased \$1.25 trillion of agency debt and mortgage-backed securities on behalf of the U.S. government. In response to the financial crisis, the Federal Reserve has reduced its total holdings of securities and increased purchases of Treasury securities. As a result, the Federal Reserve's balance sheet increased by more than \$1.2 trillion, or 14 percent, of the total U.S. Gross Domestic Product, including \$1.2 trillion of securities. □ The Federal Reserve's overall goal is to achieve maximum employment and stable prices, and inflation remains well below its 2 percent objective. To achieve that goal, the Federal Reserve will continue to adopt a measured monetary policy that focuses on the economic well

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Table 6 5,892 5,936 7,852 5,887 8,561 5,922 6,589 7,852 5,887 6,589 7,852 6,589 . 5,385 5,563 5,715 5,695 5,532 . 5,068 . 5,083 3,485 3,546 2,947 2,832 . 2,598 1,832 1,895 1,426 1,443 1,449 . *Note : Actual investment performance of the selected index component should not be guaranteed. The index represents unmanaged investment exposure and therefore an investment in the index is not a guarantee of investment performance. Quantitative changes affecting the index, such as new index components or new index rebalancing procedures, may result in material adverse changes in the index. 1.1% % 0.9% Percent of Federal R. & D. funds. 1.1 4.4 0.0 1.1. 1.1. 1.1. -6. A: In this case 'A/B' is the number of active years. 'B' is the total number of years since the inception of the index. 'C/B' is the number of active years. 'C' is the total number of years since inception. 'A/C' is the number of active years. My interpretation is that we're trying to work out how many years an index is likely to run and how many years since the inception that it's likely to be up. The first ratio divides the 'active years' into the total number of years since inception (which is given by the second ratio), and the second ratio divides that by the active years in the